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- (a) If after executing a will the testator is divorced, 1 2 <u>legally separated</u> or his <u>or her</u> marriage annulled, the divorce, 3 legal separation or annulment revokes any disposition 4 appointment of property made by the will to the former spouse, any 5 provision conferring a general or special power of appointment on 6 the former spouse and any nomination of the former spouse as 7 executor, trustee, conservator or quardian, unless the will 8 expressly provides otherwise. Property prevented from passing to 9 a former spouse because of revocation by divorce, legal separation 10 or annulment passes as if the former spouse failed to survive the 11 decedent, except that the provisions of section three, article 12 three, chapter forty-one do not apply and other provisions 13 conferring some power or office on the former spouse are 14 interpreted as if the spouse failed to survive the decedent. If 15 provisions are revoked solely by this section, they are revived by 16 testator's remarriage to the former spouse. For purposes of this 17 section, divorce, legal separation or annulment means any divorce, 18 legal separation or annulment which would exclude the spouse as a 19 surviving spouse. A decree of separation which does not terminate 20 the status of husband and wife is not a divorce for purposes of 21 this section. No change of circumstances other than as described 22 in this section revokes a will.
- 23 (b) This section applies to all divorces, <u>legal separations</u>, 24 annulments or remarriages which become effective after June 5,

- 1 1992.
- 2 CHAPTER 42. DESCENT AND DISTRIBUTION.
- 3 ARTICLE 1. DESCENT.
- 4 §42-1-1. General definitions.
- Subject to additional definitions contained in the subsequent 6 articles that are applicable to specific articles, parts or 7 sections, and unless the context otherwise requires in this code:

(1) "Agent" includes an attorney-in-fact under a durable or

- 9 nondurable power of attorney, an individual authorized to make 10 decisions concerning another's health care and an individual 11 authorized to make decisions for another under a natural death act.
- 12 (2) "Beneficiary" as it relates to a trust beneficiary
  13 includes a person who has any a present or future interest, vested
  14 or contingent, and also includes the owner of an interest by
  15 assignment or other transfer. As it "beneficiary" relates to a
  16 charitable trust, it includes any person entitled to enforce the
  17 trust. As it "beneficiary" relates to a "beneficiary of a
  18 beneficiary designation", it refers to a beneficiary of an account
  19 with POD designation, of to a security registered in beneficiary
  20 form (TOD) or other nonprobate transfer at death. and, As it
  21 "beneficiary" relates to a "beneficiary designated in a governing
  22 instrument", it includes a grantee of a deed, a devisee, a trust
  23 beneficiary, a beneficiary of a beneficiary designation or a person

24 in whose favor a power of attorney or a power held in any

- 1 individual, fiduciary or representative capacity is exercised.
- 2 (3) "Court" means the county commission or branch in this
- 3 state having jurisdiction in matters relating to the affairs of
- 4 decedents.
- 5 (4) "Conservator" means a person who is appointed by a court 6 to manage the estate of a protected person.
- 7 (5) "Descendant" of an individual means all of his or her
- 8 descendants of all generations, with the relationship of parent and
- 9 child at each generation being determined by the definition of
- 10 child and parent contained in this code.
- 11 (6) "Devise" when used as a noun, means a testamentary
- 12 disposition of real or personal property and, when used as a verb,
- 13 means to dispose of real or personal property by will.
- 14 (7) "Devisee" means a person designated in a will to receive
- 15 a devise. In the case of a devise to an existing trust or trustee
- 16 or to a trustee on trust described by will, the trust or trustee is
- 17 the devisee and the beneficiaries are not devisees.
- 18 (8) "Distributee" means any person who has received property
- 19 of a decedent from his or her personal representative other than as
- 20 a creditor or purchaser. A testamentary trustee is a distributee
- 21 only to the extent of distributed assets or increment thereto
- 22 remaining in his or her hands. A beneficiary of a testamentary
- 23 trust to whom the trustee has distributed property received from a
- 24 personal representative is a distributee of the personal

- 1 representative. For the purposes of this provision, "testamentary
- 2 trustee" includes a trustee to whom assets are transferred by will
- 3 to the extent of the devised assets.
- 4 (9) "Estate" includes the property of the decedent, trust or
- 5 other person whose affairs are subject to this code as originally
- 6 constituted and as it exists from time to time during
- 7 administration.
- 8 (10) "Exempt property" means that property of a decedent's
- 9 estate which is provided for in section forty-eight, article VI of
- 10 the Constitution.
- 11 (11) "Fiduciary" includes a personal representative, guardian,
- 12 conservator and trustee.
- 13 (12) "Foreign personal representative" means a personal
- 14 representative appointed by another jurisdiction.
- 15 (13) "Formal proceedings" means proceedings conducted before
- 16 a judge with notice to interested persons.
- 17 (14) "Governing instrument" means a deed, will, trust,
- 18 insurance or annuity policy, account with POD designation, security
- 19 registered in beneficiary form (TOD), pension, profit-sharing,
- 20 retirement or similar benefit plan, instrument creating or
- 21 exercising a power of appointment or a power of attorney or a
- 22 donative, appointive or nominative instrument of any other type.
- 23 (15) "Guardian" means a person who has qualified as a guardian
- 24 of a minor or incapacitated person pursuant to testamentary or

- 1 court appointment but excludes one who is merely a guardian ad 2 litem.
- 3 (16) "Heirs" means persons, including the surviving spouse and
- 4 the state, who are entitled under the statutes of intestate
- 5 succession to the property of a decedent.
- 6 (17) "Informal proceedings" mean those conducted without
- 7 notice to interested persons by an officer of the court acting as
- 8 a registrar for probate of a will or appointment of a personal
- 9 representative.
- 10 (18) "Interested person" includes heirs, devisees, children,
- 11 spouses, creditors, beneficiaries and any others having a property
- 12 right in or claim against a trust estate or the estate of a
- 13 decedent, ward or protected person. It also includes persons
- 14 having priority for appointment as personal representative and
- 15 other fiduciaries representing interested persons. The meaning as
- 16 it relates to particular persons may vary from time to time and
- 17 must be determined according to the particular purposes of, and
- 18 matter involved in, any proceeding.
- 19 (19) "Issue" of a person means descendant as defined in
- 20 subdivision (5) of this section.
- 21 (20) "Joint tenants with the right of survivorship" and
- 22 "community property with the right of survivorship" includes
- 23 coowners of property held under circumstances that entitle one or
- 24 more to the whole of the property on the death of the other or

- 1 others, but excludes forms of coownership registration in which the
- 2 underlying ownership of each party is in proportion to that party's
- 3 contribution.
- 4 (21) "Lease" includes an oil, gas or other mineral lease.
- 5 (22) "Letters" includes letters testamentary, letters of
- 6 guardianship, letters of administration and letters of
- 7 conservatorship.
- 8 (23) "Minor" means a person who is under eighteen years of 9 age.
- 10 (24) "Mortgage" means any deed of trust, conveyance, agreement
- 11 or arrangement in which property is encumbered or used as security.
- 12 (25) "Nonresident decedent" means a decedent who was domiciled
- 13 in another jurisdiction at the time of his or her death.
- 14 (26) "Parent" includes any person entitled to take, or who
- 15 would be entitled to take if the child died without a will, as a
- 16 parent under this code by intestate succession from the child whose
- 17 relationship is in question and excludes any person who is only a
- 18 stepparent, foster parent or grandparent.
- 19 (27) "Payor" means a trustee, insurer, business entity,
- 20 employer, government, governmental agency or subdivision or any
- 21 other person authorized or obligated by law or a governing
- 22 instrument to make payments.
- 23 (28) "Person" means an individual or an organization.
- 24 (29) "Personal representative" includes executor,

- 1 administrator, successor personal representative, special
- 2 administrator and persons who perform substantially the same
- 3 function under the law governing their status. "General personal
- 4 representative" excludes special administrator.
- 5 (30) "Petition" means a written request to the court for an 6 order after notice.
- 7 (31) "Proceeding" includes action at law and suit in equity.
- 8 (32) "Property" includes both real and personal property or
- 9 any interest therein and means anything that may be the subject of
- 10 ownership.
- 11 (33) "Security" includes any note, stock, treasury stock,
- 12 bond, debenture, evidence of indebtedness, certificate of interest
- 13 or participation in an oil, gas or mining title or lease or in
- 14 payments out of production under such a title or lease, collateral
- 15 trust certificate, transferable share, voting trust certificate or,
- 16 in general, any interest or instrument commonly known as a security
- 17 or any certificate of interest or participation, any temporary or
- 18 interim certificate, receipt or certificate of deposit for, or any
- 19 warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing.
- 20 (34) "Settlement" in reference to a decedent's estate,
- 21 includes the full process of administration, distribution and
- 22 closing.
- 23 (35) "State" means a state of the United States, the District
- 24 of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or any territory or

- 1 insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United 2 States.
- 3 (36) "Successor personal representative" means a personal 4 representative, other than a special administrator, who is 5 appointed to succeed a previously appointed personal 6 representative.
- 7 (37) "Successors" means persons, other than creditors, who are 8 entitled to property of a decedent under his or her will or this 9 code.
- 10 (38) "Survive" means that an individual has neither
  11 predeceased an event, including the death of another individual,
  12 nor is deemed to have predeceased an event. The term includes its
  13 derivatives, such as "survives", "survived", "survivor" and
  14 "surviving".
- 15 (39) "Surviving spouse" means the person to whom the decedent
  16 was married at the time of the decedent's death except that a
  17 person who is a named party to a decree of legal separation is not
  18 deemed a surviving spouse.
- 19 (40) "Testacy proceeding" means a proceeding to establish a 20 will or determine intestacy.
- 21 (41) "Testator" includes an individual of either sex.
- (42) "Trust" includes an express trust, private or charitable, 23 with additions thereto, wherever and however created. The term 24 also includes a trust created or determined by judgment or decree

- 1 under which the trust is to be administered in the manner of an
- 2 express trust. The term excludes other constructive trusts and
- 3 excludes resulting trusts, conservatorships, personal
- 4 representatives and custodial arrangements including that relating
- 5 to gifts or transfers to minors, dealing with special custodial
- 6 situations, business trusts providing for certificates to be issued
- 7 to beneficiaries.
- 8 (43) "Trustee" includes an original, additional or successor
- 9 trustee, whether or not appointed or confirmed by court.
- 10 (44) "Will" includes codicil and any testamentary instrument
- 11 that merely appoints an executor, revokes or revises another will,
- 12 nominates a guardian or expressly excludes or limits the right of
- 13 an individual or class to succeed to property of the decedent
- 14 passing by intestate succession.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to automatically revoke a will following a legal separation and to exclude from the definition of "surviving spouse", for purposes of descent and distribution, a person who is a party to a decree of legal separation.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.